

PLANNING PERMISSION

Applicant:

J M & M E Harrington & Son
Blackway Farm
Lower Eggleton
Ledbury
HR8 2UN

Agent:

Berrys
Willow House East
Shrewsbury Business Park
Shrewsbury
Shropshire
SY2 6LG

Date of Application: 2 May 2014

Application No:P141279/F

Grid Ref:364109:245860

Proposed development:

SITE: Blackway Farm, Lower Eggleton, Ledbury, HR8 2UN
DESCRIPTION: Proposed replacement poultry building

THE COUNTY OF HEREFORDSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL hereby gives notice in pursuance of the provisions of the above Acts that PLANNING PERMISSION has been GRANTED for the development described above in accordance with the application and plans submitted to the authority subject to the following conditions:

- 1 The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.

Reason: Required to be imposed by Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and the National Planning Policy Framework.

- 2 The development hereby approved shall be carried out strictly in accordance with the approved plans (Location and block plan – drawing number HA15237/01, elevations and floor plan – drawing number HA15237/02) and the schedule of materials indicated thereon.

Reason: To ensure adherence to the approved plans and to protect the general character and amenities of the area in accordance with the requirements of Policy DR1 of the Herefordshire Unitary Development Plan and the National Planning Policy Framework.

- 3 Prior to any development on site details will be submitted and approved in writing with regards to the access road which will be provided with a sealed surface from the carriageway edge to the gate, or for 15 metres whichever is the greater.. The road should be at least 7.3 metres wide as far as the sealed surface extends.

Reason: With consideration to public highway safety and to prevent potential debris being deposited on the public highway and to comply with Policy DR3 of the Herefordshire Unitary Development Plan.

- 4 No development shall commence on site until a landscape design has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The details submitted should include:

Soft landscaping

- a) A plan(s) showing details of all existing trees and hedges on the application site. The plan should include, for each tree/hedge, the accurate position, species and canopy spread, together with an indication of which are to be retained and which are to be removed.
- b) A plan(s) at a scale of 1:200 or 1:500 showing the layout of proposed tree, hedge and shrub planting and grass areas
- c) A written specification clearly describing the species, sizes, densities and planting numbers and giving details of cultivation and other operations associated with plant and grass establishment.

Hard landscaping

- a) Existing and proposed finished levels or contours
- b) The position, design and materials of all site enclosure (e.g. fences, walls)
- c) Car parking layout and other vehicular and pedestrian areas
- d) Hard surfacing materials
- e) Minor structures (e.g. play equipment, street furniture, lighting, refuse areas, signs etc.)
- f) Location of existing and proposed functional services above and below ground (e.g. drainage, power, communications cables, pipelines etc. indicating routes, manholes, supports etc.)
- g) Any retained historic features and proposals for restoration

Reason: In order to maintain the visual amenities of the area and to conform with Policy LA6 of Herefordshire Unitary Development Plan and the National Planning Policy Framework.

- 5 The soft landscaping scheme approved under condition 4 shall be carried out concurrently with the development hereby permitted and shall be completed no later than the first planting season following the completion of the development. The landscaping shall be maintained for a period of 5 years. During this time, any trees, shrubs or other plants which are removed, die or are seriously retarded shall be replaced during the next planting season with others of similar sizes and species unless the Local Planning Authority gives written consent to any variation. If any plants fail more than once they shall continue to be replaced on an annual basis until the end of the 5-year maintenance period. The hard landscaping shall be completed prior to the first use of the development hereby permitted

Reason: In order to maintain the visual amenities of the area and to comply with Policy LA6 of Herefordshire Unitary Development Plan and the National Planning Policy Framework.

- 6 A landscape management plan, including long term design objectives, management responsibilities and maintenance schedules for all landscape areas, other than privately owned domestic gardens shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to the occupation of the development or any phase of the development, whichever is the sooner, for its permitted use. The landscape management plan shall be carried out as approved.

Reason: In order to maintain the visual amenity of the area and to comply with Policy LA6 of Herefordshire Unitary Development Plan and the National Planning Policy Framework.

- 7 Notwithstanding the approved plans the whole of the external cladding of the building shall be permanently coloured in accordance with a scheme to be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority before development commences. The cladding shall be coloured in a non reflective coloured material.

Reason: To minimise the visual impact of the development and to ensure that the development complies with the requirements of Policy DR1 of the Herefordshire Unitary Development Plan and the National Planning Policy Framework.

- 8 No development shall take place until detail has been provided with regards to detailed calculations and construction drawings of the proposed surface water drainage system, demonstrating that there will be no risk of flooding to the site in all rainfall events up to the 30 year event and no risk to adjacent land in all rainfall events up to the 100 year rainfall event, including an allowance for climate change, this information to be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to any development on site.

Reason: To ensure that the development is not at unacceptable risk of surface water flooding and that the development does not increase flood risk to people of property elsewhere up to and including the 1% annual probability event, including climate change allowance and to comply with Policy DR4 of the Herefordshire Unitary Development Plan and the National Planning Policy Framework.

Informatives:

- 1 The Local Planning Authority has acted positively and proactively in determining this application by assessing the proposal against planning policy and any other material considerations, including any representations that have been received. It has subsequently determined to grant planning permission in accordance with the presumption in favour of sustainable development, as set out within the National Planning Policy Framework.

- 2 All nesting birds, their nests, eggs and young are protected by law and it is an offence to:

- intentionally kill, injure or take any wild bird
 - intentionally take, damage or destroy the nest of any wild bird whilst it is in use or being built
 - intentionally take or destroy the egg of any wild bird
 - intentionally (or recklessly in England and Wales) disturb any wild bird listed on Schedule 1 while it is nest building, or at a nest containing eggs or young, or disturb the dependent young of such a bird.
- The maximum penalty that can be imposed - in respect of a single bird, nest or egg - is a fine of up to 5,000 pounds, six months imprisonment or both.

The applicant is therefore reminded that it is an offence under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) to remove or work on any hedge, tree or building where that work involves the taking, damaging or destruction of any nest of any wild bird while the nest is in use or being built, (usually between late February and late August or late September in the case of swifts, swallows or house martins). If a nest is discovered while work is being undertaken, all work must stop and advice sought from

Natural England and the Council's Ecologist.

- 3 The attention of the applicant is drawn to the provisions of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended). This gives statutory protection to a number of species and their habitats. Other animals are also protected under their own legislation. Should any protected species or their habitat be identified during the course of the development then work should cease immediately and Natural England should be informed. They can be contacted at: Block B, Government Buildings, Whittington Road, Worcester, WR5 2LQ. Tel: 0300 060 6000.

The attention of the applicant is also drawn to the provisions of the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010. In particular, European protected animal species and their breeding sites or resting places are protected under Regulation 40. It is an offence for anyone to deliberately capture, injure or kill any such animal. It is also an offence to damage or destroy a breeding or resting place of such an animal.

Planning Services
PO Box 230,
Hereford,
HR1 2ZB

Date: 28 July 2014



DEVELOPMENT MANAGER

YOUR ATTENTION IS DRAWN TO THE NOTES BELOW

Notes

This permission refers only to that required under the Town and Country Planning Acts and does not include any consent or approval under any other enactment, byelaw, order or regulation. In particular consent may be required under the Building Regulations.

The applicant is advised that additional Council Tax payments may be sought in the event that the Valuation Office, who routinely monitor decision notices, consider any part of the development hereby permitted to be self-contained. This assessment is particularly likely to be the case in respect of flats, basement conversions, granny annexes, studio rooms and log cabins and/or where the additional accommodation contains its own kitchen, bathroom and bedroom. Further information can be found on the Council's website at <https://www.herefordshire.gov.uk/search?q=annexes>

Appeals to the Secretary of State

- If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
- If you want to appeal, then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice, using a form which you can get from The Planning Inspectorate, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6PN.
- The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but he will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.
- The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to him that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.
- In practice, the Secretary of State does not refuse to consider appeals solely because the local planning authority based their decision on a direction given by him.

Right to Challenge the Decision of the High Court

Currently there are no third party rights of appeal through the planning system against a decision of a Local Planning Authority. Therefore, if you have concerns about a planning application and permission is granted, you cannot appeal that decision. Any challenge under current legislation would have to be made outside the planning system through a process called Judicial Review (JR).

The decision may be challenged by making an application for judicial review to the High Court. The time limits for bringing such challenges are very strict, and applications need to be made as soon as possible after the issue of the decision notice. So, if you think you may have grounds to challenge a decision by Judicial Review you are advised to seek professional advice as soon as possible.

These notes are provided for guidance only and apply to challenges under the legislation specified. If you require further advice on making an application for Judicial review, you should consult a solicitor or other advisor or contact the Crown Office at the Royal Courts of Justice, Queens Bench Division, Strand, London, WC2 2LL (0207 947 6000). For further information on judicial review please go to <http://www.justice.gov.uk>

The Council has taken into account environmental information when making this decision. The decision is final unless it is successfully challenged in the Courts. The Council cannot amend or interpret the decision. It may be redetermined by the Council only if the decision is quashed by the Courts. However, if it is redetermined, it does not necessarily follow that the original decision will be reversed.

Purchase Notices

- If either the local planning authority or the Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted.
- In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.