

## Non-Domestic Renewable Heat Incentive

www.ofgem.gov.uk/ndrhi

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## **Emissions Certificate**

In order to accredit any biomass boiler or stove applications received for the domestic or non-domestic Renewable Heat Incentive (RHI) schemes, Ofgem must be satisfied that a valid emissions certificate exists for the specific model in the application (or alternatively for the non-domestic RHI, an environmental permit for the site). This template incorporates all information required to demonstrate that the tested plant meets the air quality requirements of the RHI. It must be fully completed and issued by a testing laboratory in order to be a valid certificate.

1. TEST HOUSE	
a) Name and address of the testing laboratory that	Environmental Compliance Limited
has carried out the required tests and issued this	Unit G1, Main Avenue
certificate *	Treforest Industrial Estate
*if different, include details of both	Pontypridd, CF37 5BF
b) Name and signature of the person authorised by	Name: Andy Barnes
the testing laboratory to issue the certificate	
	Signature:
c) Date of issue of this certificate, together with	Date: 28/05/2020
certificate reference number for this certificate	Cautificate reference and according
*Please see Note A	Certificate reference number:
	P3159/C005
	Optional:reference number of original test
	report on which this certificate is based:
	P3159 R001
d) If the testing laboratory that has carried out the	Initial Registration: United Kingdom
required tests is accredited to BS EN ISO/IEC	Accreditation Service since: 16 July 2004
17025:2005, date of accreditation and accreditation	
number	<u>Current Certificate:</u>
(if testing conducted on or after 24 September	30 March 2020
2013, the testing laboratory <b>must be</b> BS EN	Accreditation number: 2499
ISO/IEC 17025:2005 accredited at the time of	
testing)	

2. PLANT - Please see Note B	
a) Name of the plant tested	Lambdamat
b) Model of the plant tested*	
*Please ensure this is the same as in the	Lambdamat LM 1000
manufacturer's documentation and boiler nameplate	
c) Manufacturer of the plant tested	Fröling Heizkessel und
	Behälterbau GesmbH,
	A-4710 Grieskirchen
d) Installation capacity* of the <b>tested</b> plant in	
kilowatts (kW)	999 kW
*The total installed peak heat output capacity	
e) Is the plant a <u>manually stoked, natural draught</u>	No
plant? (without a fan providing forced or induced	
draught)	
f) (i) Date the plant was tested*	05/04/2017
(ii) Please confirm that NOx and PM have been	Yes
tested on the same occasion	
*This is in reference to the emissions testing for PM	(Test performed at >85% of the
and NOx, not any wider range of tests. A specific date	installation capacity)
is required. Please provide the date of test performed	
at ≥85% of the installation capacity.	
If more than one model has been tested or testing has	
been conducted on different dates for different fuels,	
please list each date with details.	
g) Please list all the plants in the type-testing range*	Lambdamat LM 1000 (999kW)
of the tested plants to which the certificate applies, if	
any. Please include the <b>installation capacity</b> of each	Lambdamat LM 1000 (1001kW)
model.	,
*This must follow the ratio rules:	Lambdamat LM 1500 (1498kW)
If the smallest plant in the range is 500kW or less, the	,
largest plant in the range can't be more than double	
the smallest.	
If the smallest plant in the range is over 500kW, the	
largest plant in the range can't be more than 500kW	
greater than the smallest.	
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 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  The type-testing approach enables testing laboratories to provide assurance that all boilers in a given range meet the air quality requirements, without needing to specifically test each boiler.

3. FUELS	
a) Types of fuels used when testing	Wood Chip EN17225-4, class B2;
(Where relevant, the fuel should be classified according to EN303-5, referencing the relevant EN14961 standard for <b>specific classification</b>	wood chips from pallet reclamation (chemically untreated, free from halogen contamination, no recycled wood, no flake boards).
(superseded by EN17225). We don't expect broader categories such as 'beech'.	
b) Based on the testing, list the range of fuels that	Wood Chip EN17225-4, class A1;
can be used in compliance with the emission limits of 30 grams per gigajoule (g/GJ) net heat input for	Wood Chip EN17225-4, class A2;
particulate matter (PM), and 150 g/GJ net heat input	Wood Chip EN17225-4, class B1;
for oxides of nitrogen (NOx) (Where relevant, the fuel should be classified	Wood Chip EN17225-4, class B2;
according to EN303-5, referencing the relevant EN14961 standard for <b>specific classification</b> (superseded by EN17225). We don't expect broader	wood chips from pallet reclamation (chemically untreated, free from halogen contamination, no recycled wood, no flake boards).
categories such as 'beech'.	Wood Pellet EN17225-2, class A1;
c) Moisture content of the fuel used during testing. (If multiple fuel types have been tested state all.)	Wood Chip EN17225-4, class B2; W= 20%
d) Maximum allowable moisture content* of fuel	Wood Chip EN17225-4, class A1; W=25%
that can be used with the certified plant(s) that ensures RHI emission limits are not exceeded.	Wood Chip EN17225-4, class A2; W=35%
*This value may be obtained from ranges specified	Wood Chip EN17225-4, class B1; W=35%
in relevant EN14961 standard for specific fuel classifications or EN303-5 when not applicable.	Wood Chip EN17225-4, class B2; W=35%
Different fuel types should state different maximum allowable moisture contents.	wood chips from pallet reclamation (chemically untreated, free from halogen contamination, no recycled wood, no flake boards).
	Wood Pellet EN17225-2, class A1; W=10%

## 4. TESTS Confirm which requirements the emissions of NOx and PM have been tested in accordance with. Either 4a or 4b must be confirmed to be a valid RHI certificate. a) Was the testing carried out in accordance\* with all of the provisions relevant to emissions of PM and NOx in either BS EN 303-5:1999 or BS EN 303-5:2012?2 n/a - (see 4b)\*It is **not** a requirement that the tested plant must be within the scope of one of these standards, as long as the test lab can confirm that all of the relevant provisions were followed appropriately b) Was the testing carried out in accordance with all of the following requirements? (i) - EN 14792:2005 in respect of NOx emissions Yes - EN 13284-1:2002 or ISO 9096:2003 in respect of PM emissions<sup>3</sup> (ii) emissions of PM represent the average of at least three measurements of emissions of PM, each of at least 30 minutes Yes duration (iii) the value for NOx emissions is derived from the average of measurements made throughout the PM emission tests. Yes c) Please confirm the plant was tested at ≥85% of the installation Yes capacity of the plant. d) Please confirm the test shows that emissions from the plant were no greater than 30 g/GJ PM and 150 g/GJ NOx. Yes e) Measured\* emissions of PM in **g/GJ** net heat input \*This average value should be from the test confirmed in 4c Results from partial load tests are not required. 24.99 This value must be in the specified units. f) Measured\* emissions of NOx in **g/GJ** net heat input \*This average value should be from the test confirmed confirmed 65.81 in 4c. Results from partial load tests are not required. This value must be in the specified units.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> BS EN303-5:1999 and 2012 explain what should be measured and when.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> These standards explain how to make the PM and NOx measurements.

**Note A:** If details from a previously issued certificate or an original test report are being transferred to this RHI emission certificate template, please note that this document must be **issued by the testing laboratory** as a separate certificate. The issue date and certificate reference number should be in relation to *this* certificate produced using the RHI template, not the issue date and reference number of the original certificate or test report.

**Note B:** If you are including multiple tested plants on one certificate, please ensure that all sections are completed for each tested plant, and are laid out such that it is clear which details relate to which tested plant. If a type-testing range is included as well, please show clearly which type-testing range relates to which tested plant(s), following the type-testing range ratio rules outlined in 2g.